

# 3D TRANSFORMATIONS

- **HOMOGENOUS COORDS. [x y z h]**
- **TRANSLATION**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ Tx & Ty & Tz & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **ROTATION ABOUT X**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **ABOUT Y**

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & 0 & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

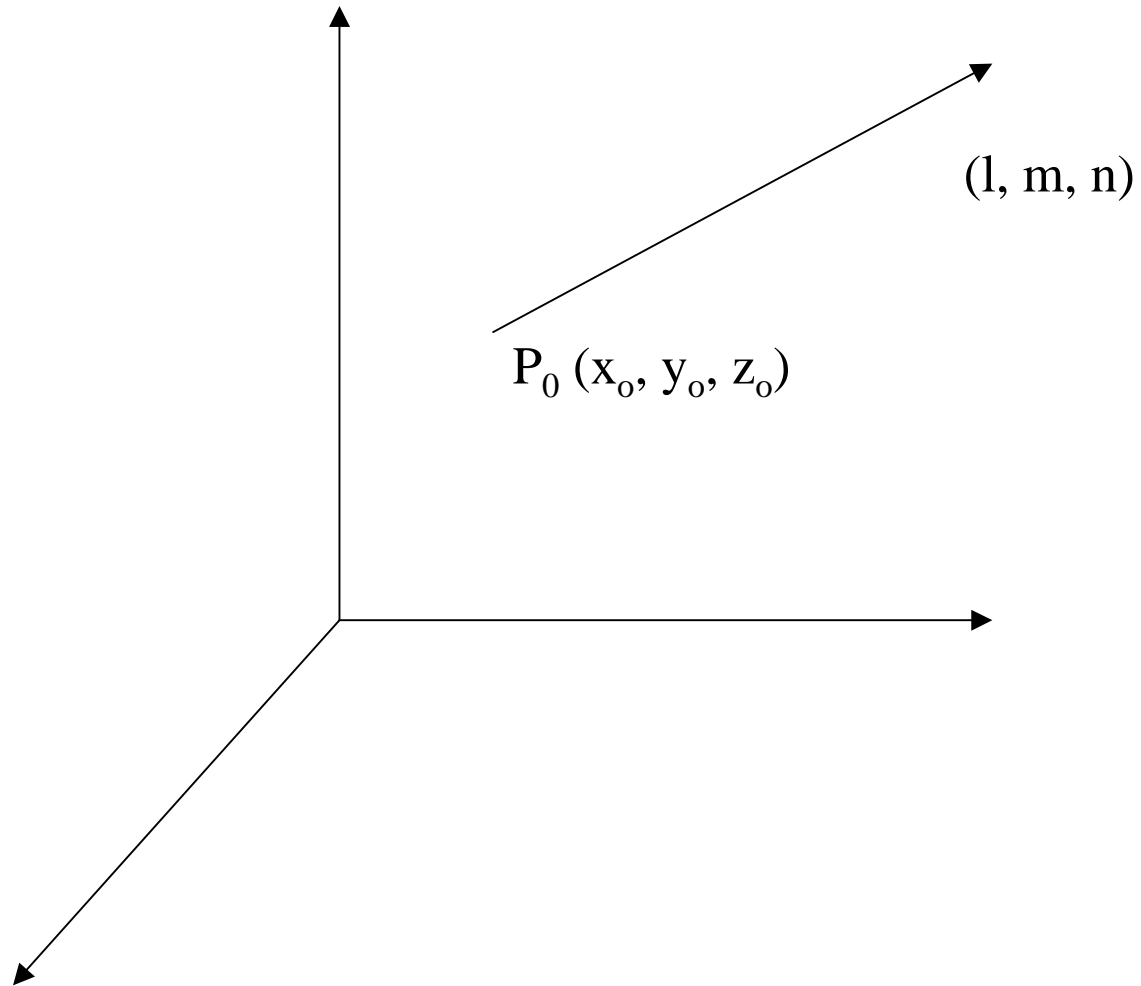
- **ABOUT Z**

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **SCALING**

$$\begin{bmatrix} Sx & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Sy & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Sz & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & S \end{bmatrix}$$

# GENERAL 3D ROTATION



# **STEPS**

**1.TRANSLATE ORIGIN TO  $P_0$**

**2.ALIGN VECTOR WITH AXES (say, Z)**

- i. ROTATE TO BRING VECTOR IN XZ PLANE**
- ii. ROTATE TO BRING VECTOR ALONG Z-axis**

**3.ROTATE ABOUT Z-AXIS**

**4.REVERSE STEPS 2**

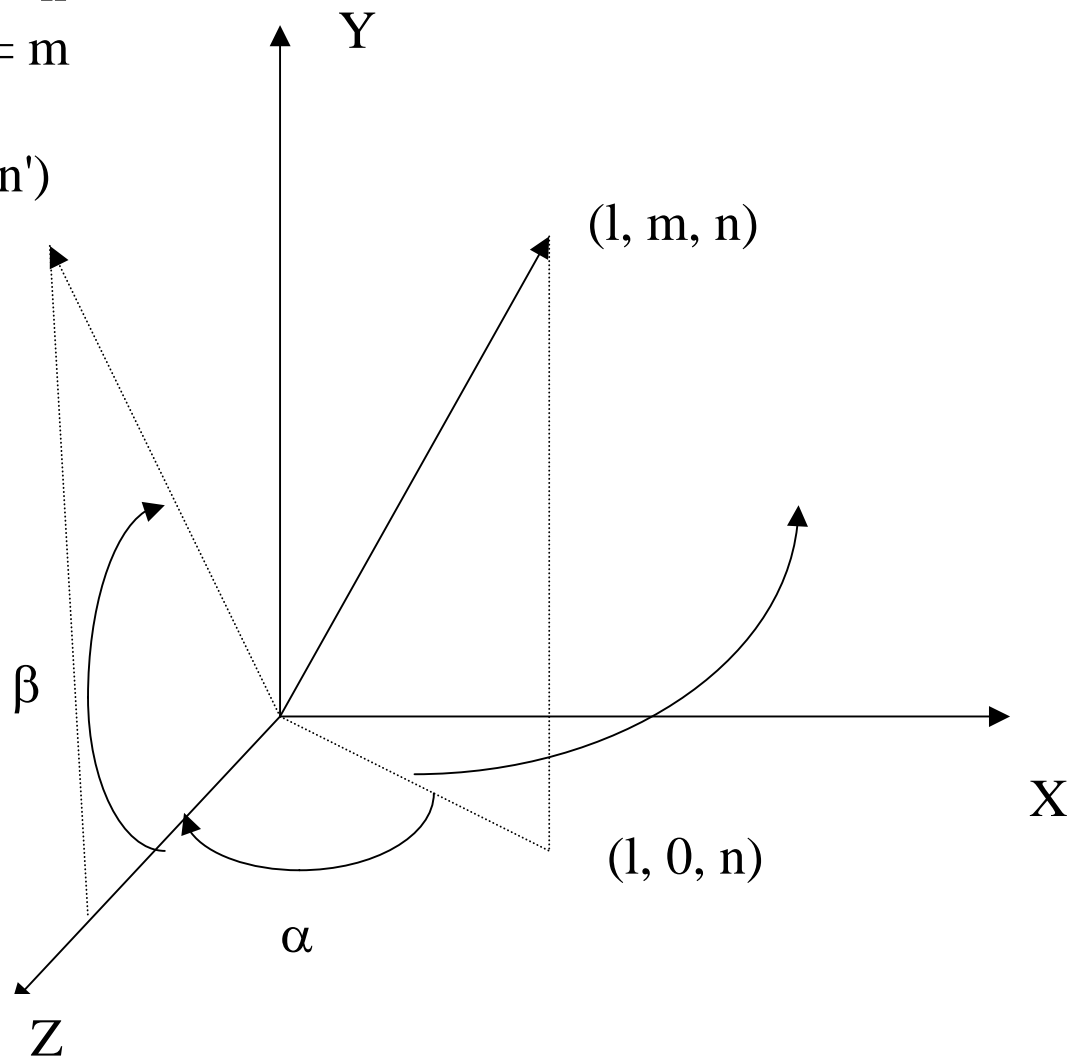
**5.REVERSE STEP 1**

$$\cos \beta = n'$$

$$\sin \beta = m$$

$$n' = \lambda$$

$$(0, m, n')$$



- **STEP 2-i:**

**Rotate Axis by  $\alpha$  CCW about Y**

- **STEP 2-ii.**

**Rotate Axis by  $\beta$  CCW about X**

**DEVELOP TRANSFORMATION MATRICES**

# FINAL ROTATION MATRIX

$$R \equiv \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & 0 \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & 0 \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- TOP LEFT 3 X 3 MATRIX IS ORTHOGONAL ( $AA^T = I$ )
- COLUMNS OF THIS MATRIX ARE TRANSFORMED BY R TO GIVE PRINCIPLE AXIS

$$P \equiv \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{21} & r_{31} & 1 \\ r_{12} & r_{22} & r_{32} & 1 \\ r_{13} & r_{23} & r_{33} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



- **PR = I;      HENCE TRANSFORMATION R TRANSFORMS AXIS TO P.**
- **CONSIDER LOCAL COOD-SYS DEFINED BY THE ROTATION AXIS**

$$\mathbf{u}_z' = \mathbf{u} = (l \ m \ n) = (\mathbf{u}_{z1}' \ \mathbf{u}_{z2}' \ \mathbf{u}_{z3}')$$

$$\mathbf{u}_y' = \mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{u}_x / |\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{u}_x| = (\mathbf{u}_{y1}' \ \mathbf{u}_{y2}' \ \mathbf{u}_{y3}')$$

$$\mathbf{u}_x' = \mathbf{u}_y' \times \mathbf{u}_z' = (\mathbf{u}_{x1}' \ \mathbf{u}_{x2}' \ \mathbf{u}_{x3}')$$

**(ORTHONORMAL BASIS)**

- **DEFINE**

$$R \equiv \begin{bmatrix} ux1' & uy1' & uz1' & 0 \\ ux2' & uy2' & uz2' & 0 \\ ux3' & uy3' & uz3' & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **R TRANSFORMS AXIS TO ALIGN Z WITH  $u$  (THRO' ORIGIN)**
- **HENCE**

**TRANSLATE ORIGIN TO  $P_0$**   
**PERFORM R**  
**ROTATE BY  $\theta$**   
**REVERSE R**  
**REVERSE TRANSLATION**

# OTHER TRANSFORMATIONS

- SCALING -----??

- REFLECTIONS

**X-AXIS:**  $S_Y = S_Z = -1$ ;  $S_X = S = 1$

**XY-PLANE:**  $S_Z = -1$ ;  $S_X = S_Y = S = 1$

**ORIGIN:**  $S_X = S_Y = S_Z = -1$ ;  $S = 1$

- SHEAR (Z CONST, X,Y CHANGE PROP TO Z)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & b & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **SCALING wrt A GIVEN POINT**

**TRANSLATE ORIGIN TO POINT**

**SCALE**

**TRANSLATE BACK**

- **REFLECTION ABOUT A PLANE**

**TRANSLATE ORIGIN TO POINT ON PLANE**

**ALIGN PLANE NORMAL WITH AXIS REFLECT**

**REVERSE EARLIER TRANSFORMATIONS**